# Parashat Vaetchanan פרשה ואתחנן

Shabbat Av 13, 5770, July 24, 2010
32:1-32:52 MATSATI.COM / Rightly Dividing The Word of G-d http://www.matsati.com | matsati@matsati.com

#### Intercessor, Relationship, and Holiness

דאים / This Week's Reading

תורה: Deuteronomy 3:23-7:11 Isaiah 40:1-40:26

הברית: Matthew 23:31-39, Mark 12:28-34

החדשה

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This week's Torah Portion from the Triennial cycle (*Devarim / Deuteronomy 5:1-7:11*) is packed with some of the most important scriptures found in the entire Bible. In this week's reading I would like to look at three portions of text (i) *Devarim / Deuteronomy 5:23-29* which speaks of the role of the intercessor, someone who acts on behalf of the people before G-d, (ii) *Devarim / Deuteronomy 6:3-9* which speaks of the importance of scripture in our lives and a life lived in a relationship with the living G-d, and (iii) *Devarim / Deuteronomy 7:5-11* that describes how G-d has separated us to be a holy people before him.

In *Devarim / Deuteronomy 5:5* Moshe speaks of having stood in the place between the children of Yisrael and HaShem during the giving of the commandments. The foremost important thing to consider while reading these scriptures is that Moshe acted as an intercessor between the people and G-d as he indicates in *Devarim / Deuteronomy 5:5*.

Devarim 5:5

אָנֹ כִי עֹ מֵד בֵּין־יְהנָה וּבַּ יְנֵיכֶם בָּצֵת הַהָּוֹא לְהַגִּיד לָכֶם אֶת־דְּבַר יְהנָה כִּי יְרֵאתֶם מִפְּנֵי הָאֵשׁ וַלֹֹא־צֵלִיתֵם בָּהָר לֵאמֹרָר:

Moshe's role as intercessor was accepted by G-d according to *Devarim / Deuteronomy 5:28 'The Lord heard the voice of your words when you spoke to me, and the Lord said to me, 'I have heard the voice of the words of this people which they have spoken to you. They have done well in all that they have spoken." (NASB)* Moshe's role as an intercessor was to reveal the word of G-d to the people. Similarly, Yeshua the Messiah revealed the "One true G-d as the One who is all powerful and the One who orders and patterns the events of life and is therefore able to bring about all His holy will. Yeshua also explains to us how He is the source of all that is, the One through whom all things have their existence (*Colossians 1:16*). As our intercessor, Yeshua confirms the covenant and the promises of G-d and we know these things are certain because G-d orders all things in heaven and on earth according to His will (see *Daniel 4:35*). Here we are reminded that the role of intercessor is the person who pleads on our behalf as a mediator and that He teaches us of G-d's character, His works, and what He

## Devarim / Deuteronomy 5:5

5:5 while I was standing between the Lord and you at that time, to declare to you the word of the Lord; for you were afraid because of the fire and did not go up the mountain. He said, (NASB)

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promises (His covenant) that all blessings in every area of life come from Him and through Him alone. To accept this truth requires faith which is the conduit for G-d's blessing.

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#### 5:23-29 דברים

G-d has revealed himself to us in the mediatorial work of those who he chooses, in the Torah He chose the Cohenim (Priests) each of which are a foreshadowing of the final and ultimate Cohen (Priest) Yeshua. All of the promises of G-d, the "yes" (established) and "amen" (confirmed) are in Yeshua (2 Corinthians 1:20 For as many as are the promises of God, in Him they are yes; therefore also through Him is our Amen to the glory of God through us.). In addition to this, G-d's blessings come to those who walk by faith, and faith is best demonstrated in one's willingness to submit to G-d's ways. The submission to G-d is in many ways tested when we are called upon to submit to His appointed authorities (see Parashat Korach for an example of submission). The connection of faith hinges upon personal practice and is a result of having a close relationship with G-d through Yeshua the Messiah. I believe this is revealed to us through the use of the singular pronoun in the Hebrew text of Devarim / Deuteronomy 6:4-9.

The singular pronoun in the Hebrew language can be used to denote the corporate identity of all of Yisrael. When the singular is used in texts where G-d is addressing Yisrael, the singular form of the pronoun also places some emphasis upon a one-to-one relationship with Him. This emphasis is revealed to us when the use of the singular "you" in the initial giving of the Shema in *Devarim / Deuteronomy* 6:4-9 is changed to the plural form "you" in the reiteration of the

### Devarim / Deuteronomy 5:23-29

5:23 'And when you heard the voice from the midst of the darkness, while the mountain was burning with fire, you came near to me, all the heads of your tribes and your elders. 5:24 'You said, 'Behold, the Lord our God has shown us His glory and His greatness, and we have heard His voice from the midst of the fire; we have seen today that God speaks with man, yet he lives. 5:25 'Now then why should we die? For this great fire will consume us; if we hear the voice of the Lord our God any longer, then we will die. 5:26 'For who is there of all flesh who has heard the voice of the living God speaking from the midst of the fire, as we have, and lived? 5:27 'Go near and hear all that the Lord our God says; then speak to us all that the Lord our God speaks to you, and we will hear and do it. 5:28 'The Lord heard the voice of your words when you spoke to me, and the Lord said to me, 'I have heard the voice of the words of this people which they have spoken to you. They have done well in all that they have spoken. 5:29 'Oh that they had such a heart in them, that they would fear Me and keep all My commandments always, that it may be well with them and with their sons forever! (NASB)

Shema in Devarim / Deuteronomy 11:13. The duality of the use of the singular pronoun that refers to all of Yisrael and also to each individual believer shows us the connection of community, family, and individuality that is a part of and being a member of the body of Messiah (Christ).

75 **6:3-9 יברים** 

ַחָלָבֻ וּדְּבָשׁ: ישְׁרָצֵל וִשְׁמֵּרְתָּ לַצְשׁוֹת אֲשֶׁר יִימַבֹ לְּדְּ וָאֲשֶׁר תִּרְבִּוּ ישְׁרָצֵל וְשְׁמֵּרְתָּ לַצְשׁוֹת אֲשֶׁר יִימַבֹ לְדְּ וַאֲשֶׁר תִּרְבִּוּן יִבְּרָבִּילְ יָמֵר חַיֶּיִדְּ וּלְמֵעוֹ יַצֵּרְכָּן יָמֶידְּ: וְשְׁמַעְתְּּ יִבְּרָבִּילְ יָמֵר חַיֶּיִדְּ וּלְמֵעוֹ יַצֵּרְכָּן יָמֶידְּ: וְשְׁמַעְתְּ

זברים 11:13-16

13 לְבֶּם פֶּלִיתָּהָ לְבֶם: וְחָרָה אַבְּיִרְהְיִה בְּבֶּם וְעָצֵּר אֶתִּדְּ לְבֶּם פֶּלִיתְּהְ לְבַבְּבֶּם וְמִרְהָם וְעֲבַּרְהָם וְעֲבַּרְהָם וְעֲבַּרְהָם וְעֲבַּרְהָם וְעֲבַּרְהִם אֲחֵרִה אָתִּרְּוּ בְּעִּהְוּ עִמֶּבַ בְּשְּׂרְּהּ לְבַבְּכֶּם וְעִבְּרְתְּ וְשְׁבְּעִהְ וְעִבְּתְּהְ וְשְׁבְּעִהְ: הִשְּׁמְרִּים אֲחֵרִים אֲחֵרִים בְּעִּהְים אֲחֵרִים אֲחֵרִים אֲחֵרִים אֲחֵרִים אֲחֵרִים בְּעָהְים אֲחֵרִים אֲחֵרִים אַחִּרְים אֲחֵרִים אַחִרִּים אֲחֵרִים אַחִּרְים אַחִּרְים אַחִרִּים אֲחֵרִים אַחִּרְים אַבְּרִים וְעָצֵּרְ אֶתִּיִּם לְבָּבְּלְתְּיִם לְצִבְּרְהְיִם וְעָצֵּרְ אֶתִּים וְעְצֵּיךְ אֶתִּים וְעְצֵיךְ אֶתִּים וְעִבְּרִים וְעְצֵיךְ אֶתִּים וְעִבְּיִים וְעִבְּרִים וְעְבַּרְיִם וְעְבַּרְיִם וְעְצַרְ אֶתִּים וְעִבְּיִם וְעִבְּיִם וְעִבְּרִים וְעִבְּרִים וְעִבְּרִים וְעִבְּרִים וְעְבַּרְים וְעְבַּיְם וְעִבְּיִם וְנִיבְּים וְעִבְּיִם וְעִבְּיִם וְעִבְּיִם וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּיִם וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים בְּעִים לְבִּבְּבְּם וְנִיבְּם בְּיוֹם לְצִבְּבְּם וְנִיבְם וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּיִם וְּעִבְּים וְעִבְּיִם וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים בְּעִים בְּעִבְּים וְעִבְּים וְעִבְּים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִים וְבִּבְּים וְעִבְּיִים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִים וְתִּבְּיִים בְּעִים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבְּיִים בְּעִים בְּעִים וְנִיבְּיִים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּיוֹים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעִים בְּעבּים וְעבִבּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבּים בְּעִבְּים בְּיבְּים בְּעִבּים בְּעִּים בְּעִּבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִּבְּים בְּעִּבְּיבְּים בְּעִבְּיבְּים בְּעִבְּיבְּים בְּעִּיבּים בְּעִּבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבּים בְּעִּבְּים בְּעִבְּים בְּעִבּים בְּעִּבְּים בְּעִבְּים בּּעִים בְּבְּיבְּים בּּיוּבְים בְּעִבְּבְּים בּיּבְּים בּיבְּים בּיבְּיבְּים בְּיִים בְּיבְּים בְּעִים

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As you can see I circled all of the singular pronouns used in *Devarim / Deuteronomy* 6:4-9 and the reiteration of the Shema in *Devarim / Deuteronomy* 11:13 that show the use of the second person pronoun. The singular to second person shift in the text  $(6:4-9 \rightarrow 11:13)$  indicates that the reiteration of the Shema is to the corporate body of believers. However, in 6:4-9 the use of the singular pronoun shows that the command is also bound up in the one-to-one relationship he has with each believer thus, the pronoun is used to represent the corporate nature of G-d's family. As mentioned earlier, the personal one-to-one relationship with G-d through faith is lived out through personal practice. Drawing nearer to the Lord, sound study of the Scriptures, and faith in Yeshua the

#### Devarim / Deuteronomy 6:3-9

6:3 'O Israel, you should listen and be careful to do it, that it may be well with you and that you may multiply greatly, just as the Lord, the God of your fathers, has promised you, in a land flowing with milk and honey. 6:4 'Hear, O Israel! The Lord is our God, the Lord is one! 6:5 'You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your might. 6:6 'These words, which I am commanding you today, shall be on your heart. 6:7 You shall teach them diligently to your sons and shall talk of them when you sit in your house and when you walk by the way and when you lie down and when you rise up. 6:8 'You shall bind them as a sign on your hand and they shall be frontals on forehead. 6:9 'You shall write them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates. (NASB)

## Devarim / Deuteronomy 11:13-16

11:13 'It shall come about, if you listen obediently to my commandments which I am commanding you today, to love the Lord your God and to serve Him with all your heart and all your soul, 11:14 that He will give the rain for your land in its season, the early and late rain, that you may gather in your grain and your new wine and your oil. 11:15 'He will give grass in your fields for your cattle, and you will eat and satisfied. 11:16 'Beware that your hearts are not deceived, and that you do not turn away and serve other gods and worship them. (NASB)

Messiah must give rise to personal practice. Those who walk by faith and who are willing to walk in G-d's ways are submitting to the authority of the Word of G-d. Far too often preachers and teachers either loose the centrality of the Word in their ministry or confuse the order of things to study, practice, draw near to Gd, and teach what the Lord has laid upon the heart. Ezra sets the example for us in Ezra 7:10 בין לבב'ו לַדָר'ושׁ אָת־תּ'ורַת יָהוָה וַלַעֲשׁ'ת וּלְלַמֵּד בִּישְׁרָאֵל חֹיק אַ בּר'ושׁ אָת־תּ'ורַת יָהוָה וַלַעֲשׁ'ת וּלְלַמֵּד בִּישְׁרָאֵל บ อพ่อง (Ezra 7:10 For Ezra had set his heart to study the law of the Lord and to practice it, and to teach His statutes and ordinances in Israel.) We need to be serious about applying G-d's Word in our lives; applying the Word and then proclaiming the Word, in that order. In context, the relationship with the Lord and personal commitment that Ezra had led to a ministry that was blessed by G-d. We would do well to follow the pattern Ezra set for us in his life: Ezra 8:22 "The hand of God works for good on all who seek Him, but His powerful wrath is against all who forsake Him." The life that Ezra lived, and the life that we are called to live is a life of holiness before G-d that is illustrated by G-d's call to destroy the wicked places of worship, idols, and high places in Devarim / Deuteronomy 7:5-6.

#### 7:5-11 דברים

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The call to tear down their altars, to smash their sacred pillars, and to burn their graven images (*Devarim / Deuteronomy 7:5*) is a call to holiness because G-d says *Devarim / Deuteronomy 7:6* 'For you are a holy people to the Lord your God; the Lord your God has chosen you to be a people for His own possession out of all the peoples who are on the face of the earth. The present day

### Devarim / Deuteronomy 7:5-11

7:5 'But thus you shall do to them: you shall tear down their altars, and smash their sacred pillars, and hew down their Asherim, and burn their graven images with fire. 7:6 'For you are a holy people to the Lord your God; the Lord vour God has chosen you to be a people for His possession out of all the peoples who are on the face of the earth. 7:7 'The Lord did not set His love on you nor choose you because you were more in number than any of the peoples, for you were the fewest of all peoples, 7:8 but because the Lord loved you and kept the oath which He swore to your forefathers, the Lord brought you out by a mighty hand and redeemed you from the house of slavery, from the hand of Pharaoh king of Egypt. 7:9 'Know therefore that the Lord your God, He is God, the faithful God, who keeps His covenant and His lovingkindness to thousandth generation with those who love Him and keep His commandments; 7:10 but repays those who hate Him to their faces, to destroy them; He will not delay with him who hates Him, He will repay him to his face. 7:11 'Therefore, you shall keep commandment and statutes and the judgments which I am commanding you today, to do them. (NASB)

application of these scriptures has deep spiritual meaning and illustrates how the Torah is consistently directing us to Yeshua as the Messiah of G-d. Yeshua operates as an intercessor on our behalf today seated at the right hand of G-d. As believers in the Messiah Yeshua, we know that our High Priest "ever lives to make intercession for us" (Ivrit / Hebrews 7:25) because the role Moshe played as intercessor has parallels in the life of Yeshua. We are blessed to know the revealed son of G-d and we are blessed to carry the Name of G-d to the nations. But the only way to do this to diligently study the Word of G-d; the singular pronoun illustrates the one-to-one relationship G-d desires of us both as individuals and as a community of believers. And because of this one-to-one relationship G-d will keep and guard us by making His presence known to us as a continual demonstration of His grace. His grace is also revealed to us through His continuing call to holiness by the conviction of the Ruach HaKodesh (Holy Spirit). Understanding the Torah, the Prophets, and the Writings, we can rest assured that the Scriptures fully affirm the deity of Yeshua as well as His complete humanity (which confers a one-to-one relationship). The scriptures state that He (Yeshua) existed from all eternity, without beginning and without end and that He is not the product of creation but is Himself the Creator (John 1:1-14, Colossians 1:16-17). Yeshua was conceived by the power of the Spirit within Miriam (Mary), a virgin that was betrothed to Yoseph (Joseph). Yeshua was born as the gospel record says and that He lived, suffered, and died as a man. Yeshua arose from the dead after three days just as He claimed would happen and He showed himself too many people afterwards. Yeshua ascended into Heaven where He now resides at the right hand of the Father, interceding for all who are His and call upon His name. Yeshua is the "son of man" spoken of by Daniel (*Daniel 7:13*) Who reigns in glory and Who is therefore worthy of our worship and adoration. In the Ketuvei Shelachim (Apostolic Writings) the phrase "son of man" it is used forty-three times as a distinctive title of the Savior. In the Tanach the title is used only in *Tehilim / Psalms 80:17* and *Daniel 7:13* with the same application. It denotes the true humanity of our Lord. He had a real physical body (Ivrit / Hebrews 2:14, Luke 24:39) before and after the resurrection. By rendering worship to Him (Yeshua), in doing so we give glory to the Father (*Philippians* 2:11 and that every tongue will confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father. (NASB)). Yeshua is the only way of salvation for any who would be saved (Acts 4:12) and apart from Him no eternal salvation or place in the world to come is possible. No deeds of loving kindness and no bulls of our lips will be acceptable before G-d except to have faith in the way G-d has provided that is found in Yeshua the Messiah. I would like you to take a few minutes today to consider the Scriptures we have studied and think about the following questions.

#### **Questions:**

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1. Do I understand the meaning and role Yeshua has as an intercessor? How does his role of intercessor parallel that of Moshe in the wilderness? (See *Shmot / Exodus 32:32-33*)

- 2. Have I taken seriously my relationship with the Lord and practiced what I believe is true?
- 3. Am I living a life of holiness as G-d has called me to be holy as He is holy? (see *I Peter 1:13-16*) What pattern of living should I now break in order to become what G-d desires for me to become?
- As the Children of G-d we are called to live a higher moral life than the ungodly citizens of this world. The lifestyle expected of us is called "holy living."

#### 1 Peter 1:13-16

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1:13 Therefore, prepare your minds for action, keep sober in spirit, fix your hope completely on the grace to be brought to you at the revelation of Jesus Christ. 1:14 As obedient children, do not be conformed to the former lusts which were yours in your ignorance, 1:15 but like the Holy One who called you, be holy yourselves also in all your behavior; 1:16 because it is written, 'You shall be holy, for I am holy.' (NASB)

G-d both challenges us and encourages us with the reminder that He is Holy. Let's pray!

Heavenly Father,

In my heart I desire to begin having a real and authentic relationship with You. There are so many things that draw me away from You, the words of my mouth are impure and the thoughts in my heart are unacceptable. My behavior in both word and deed seems to come so naturally. I struggle with life and living for You Lord. Right now, I commit myself, my life, my heart, my thoughts, my actions, all that I am to You Lord. I believe the scriptures reveal that You sent Your son Yeshua to be my Savior. I also believe that His blood was shed for the forgiveness of my sins. Please forgive me of my sins. I believe and receive Yeshua Your Messiah and accept Him into my heart. Help me to have a passion for You Lord and a deep and meaningful relationship by the power of Your Spirit. Help me to be an obedient child and not to be conformed to the lusts of this world. Help me to set my priorities straight so that I can begin to put You first in my life and ahead of the things that would take me away from You. Please help to strengthen my faith and draw me nearer to You. Thank you for all of Your blessings. I give You all of the glory, the honor, and the praise. In Yeshua's

Amen

name I pray.

205 Be Blessed in Yeshua our Messiah!

Hallelujah for our Lord, our Teacher, our Rabbi,
"Yeshua" King Messiah forever and ever

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